BLACK

H.264 Megapixel Indoor/Outdoor Dome IP Camera User Manual

Product: BLK-IPD105M

Please read this manual before using your camera, and always follow the instructions for safety and proper use. Save this manual for future reference.

CAUTION

Do not operate this camera in environments where the temperatures or humidity is outside the recommended range. Doing so my cause electric shock and shorten the life of the product.

LEGAL NOTICE

DIGIOP products are designed to meet safety and performance standards with the use of specific DIGIOP authorized accessories. DIGIOP disclaims liability associated with the use of non-DIGIOP authorized accessories.

The recording, transmission, or broadcast of any person's voice without their consent or a court order is strictly prohibited by law.

DIGIOP makes no representations concerning the legality of certain product applications such as the making, transmission, or recording of video and/or audio signals of others without their knowledge and/or consent. We encourage you to check and comply with all applicable local, state, and federal laws and regulations before engaging in any form of surveillance or any transmission of radio frequencies.

Other trademarks and trade names may be used in this document to refer to either the entities claiming the marks and names or their products. DIGIOP, Inc. disclaims any proprietary interest in trademarks and trade names other than its own.

Microsoft, **Windows**, and **Internet Explorer** are either registered trademarks or trademarks of Microsoft Corporation in the United States and/or other countries. **Aptina** is a trademark of Aptina Imaging Corporation.

No part of this document may be reproduced or distributed in any form or by any means without the express written permission of DIGIOP, Inc.

Table of Contents

SECTION 1
Features

The DIGIOP Black BLK-IPD105M is a professional, premium-grade dome camera designed for outdoor or indoor installation. It features:

- Fixed vandal-proof dome
- Gimbal mounted camera
- Aptina™ (Micron™) 1/3.2" (4:3) CMOS 2 Megapixel sensor
- Digital day/night
- Dual streaming mode
- De-interlacing on DSP
- Supports burnt-in text, unicast/multicast
- Video compression: H.264/MPEG/MJPEG, 30FPS@D1
- Audio compression: G.711 (µLaw, aLaw)/PCM
- Supports motion detection, 2-way mono audio support
- Supports 10/100 Base-T Ethernet, RTSP/ HTTP protocol support
- RS485 support
- Micro SD card support
- PoE support
- OSD support
- Software development kit (SDK) available
- Built-in Video Content Analysis features
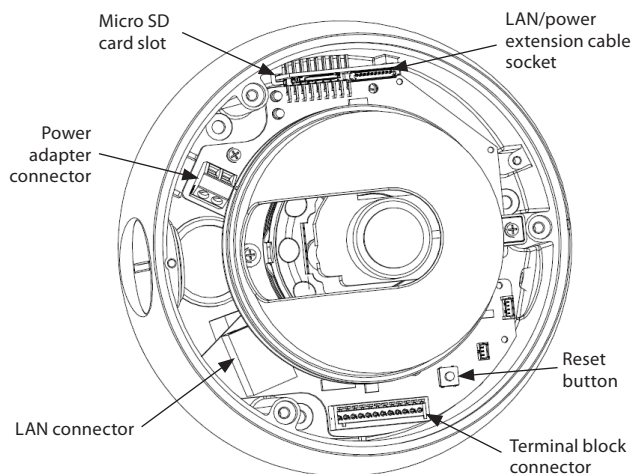
BLK-IPD105M camera without the dome cover

SECTION 2
Installation and Setup

2.1   What's in the box

Your dome camera includes the following:

- BLK-IPD105M camera
- DC power adapter with power plugs for different powering sources
- Base seal (surface cushion)
- Power extension cable
- 11-pin terminal block
- Hardware installation kit with a hex wrench, 3 screws and wall inserts
- CD mini disk with application software and documentation

2.2   Tools you need

To install the camera, you will need:

- Phillips #2 screwdriver
- PC with Microsoft® Windows® XP with SP3 or newer, 32- or 64-bit system

Depending on how the camera is mounted, you may also need:

- Hammer
- Drill with bits for drilling mounting holes
- 1-3/8" hole saw

2.3   Mount the camera

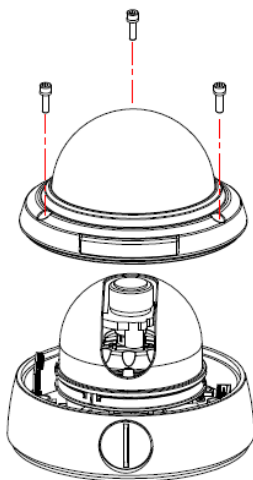1. Determine where the camera will be mounted and record the Media Access Control (MAC) address of the camera. The MAC address can be found on the label on the base of the camera. Record the information in the following table.

Location:
MAC address:

2. Separate the camera dome from the camera base housing by loosening the three captive screws with the hex wrench provided.

Camera dome removal

3. Using the base as a template, mark the location of the three mounting screw holes.

4. Drill mounting screw holes into the mounting surface:

    — If the mounting surface is a soft material, such as a drywall, drill and install drywall inserts for the mounting screws.
       OR
    — If the mounting surface is a very soft material, such as ceiling tile, place a wood block behind the tile and drill holes for
       mounting screws long enough to secure the base to the block.
       OR
    — If mounting the camera on a hard surface, such as wood, drill the mounting screw holes into the surface before
       attaching the camera.

5. Determine the extension cable routing. If the cable is to be routed through the hole in the bottom of the base, perform the
    following steps. If the cable will be routed through the conduit port in the side of the base and routed to a nearby junction
    box, **skip to step 9.**

6. While holding the camera in its mounting position, align the mounting screw holes in the base with the holes drilled for the
    mounting screws. Mark the location of hole for the extension cable routing.

7. Drill a 1-3/8" hole through the mounting surface for the extension cable.

8. If you are routing interface cables through conduit attached to the bottom of the base, do the following:

    a.   Unplug the extension cable from the camera electronics and remove it from the camera.

    b.   Install a conduit fitting onto the bottom of the base.

    c.   Install a junction box close enough to the camera for the extension cable LAN and power connectors to be in the box. Attach the conduit for the junction box to the conduit fitting on the bottom of the camera base.

9.   Place the base seal over the base, aligning the holes for the mounting screws. Attach the camera and seal to the surface with three screws. **Skip to step 15**.

10.   Unplug the extension cable from the camera electronics and remove it from the camera.

11.   Remove the conduit port plug on the side of the base and install it in the cable port in the bottom of the base.

12.   Install a conduit fitting onto the side of the base.

13.   Place the base seal over the base, aligning the holes for the mounting screws in the base with those in the seal. Attach the base and seal to the mounting surface with three screws.

14.   Install a junction box with conduit close enough to the camera for the extension cable LAN and power connectors to be in the box. When installing the junction box, attach the conduit to the fitting on the side of the camera base.

15.   Route the extension cable Molex® connector end into the camera and re-attach it to the electronics.

16.   Remove the protective cover on the camera lens.
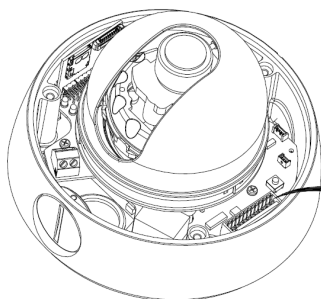
2.4   Connections

Connections to the camera for audio in and out (microphone and speaker), D/I sensor, alarm, and RS-485 control are made through the 11-pin terminal block.
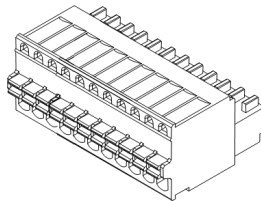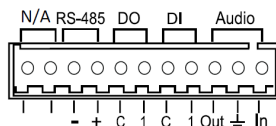

11-pin terminal block

NOTE: When connecting leads from external devices to the terminal block, use the pin definitions shown on the circuit board as a guide. Pin definitions on the circuit board may be different from those shown below.

Terminal block pin assignments

NOTE   *The terminal connections do not support analog video output.*

The 11-pin terminal block may be detached from the camera. Install the block in the location shown above.

2.4.1 Audio in/out connections

The camera includes an interface for a mono audio input (from a microphone) and a mono audio output (to a speaker). The audio output is a low level signal that requires an amplified speaker (see Specifications). The configuration of the audio wiring (Aout, Ain) is shown in the diagram below.
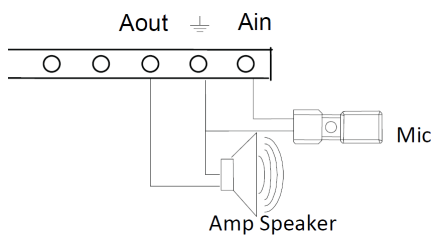
Audio in/out wiring schematic

To connect a speaker and/or microphone to the camera:

1.   Route speaker and/or microphone wiring through the cable channel and into the camera base housing.

2.   Strip 1/4" of insulation from the wires and insert them into the terminal block in the locations shown connector terminal figure above. The common (ground) leads to the microphone and speaker share the same terminal block pin.

2.4.2 Sensor in (DI) connection

The camera provides one channel for sensor input that can be connected to either a voltage type or relay type sensor. For voltage type sensors, the camera allows a maximum input of 24 V DC, with a 1 V DC threshold (see Specifications). The configuration of the sensor input wiring is illustrated in the diagrams below.

> ⚠ **CAUTION**
>
> *Do not exceed the maximum input voltage or the relay switching rate. Refer to the specifications in this manual for more information.*
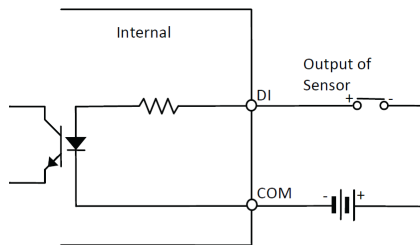
Voltage type sensor wiring schematic
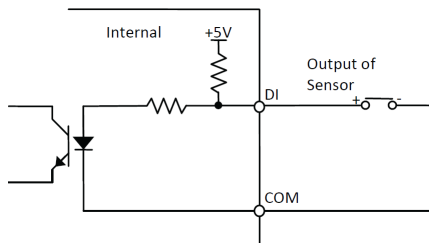
Relay type sensor wiring schematic

To connect a sensor to the camera:

1. Route sensor wiring through the cable channel and into the camera base housing.

2. Strip 1/4" of insulation from the sensor wires and insert them into the terminal block in the DI pin locations shown above. The pin marked "C" in the terminal block is the common (COM) pin.

2.4.3 Alarm out (DO) connection

The camera supports one alarm out connection to relay type device. It provides up to 24 V AC @ 500 mA or 12 V DC @ 1 A. The configuration of the relay type alarm wiring is illustrated in the diagram below.

CAUTION   *Do not exceed the maximum relay rating. Refer to the specifications in this manual for more information.*

Relay type alarm wiring schematic

To connect an alarm reporting device to the camera:

1.   Route alarm out wiring through the cable channel and into the camera base housing.

2.   Strip 1/4" of insulation from the wires and insert them into the terminal block in the DO pin locations shown above. The pin marked "C" in the terminal block is the common (COM) pin.
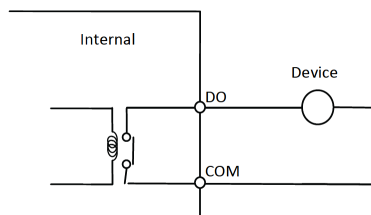
2.4.4 RS-485 device connection

The camera provides one RS-485 interface connection. The wiring signal polarity to the terminal block is shown in the schematic below.
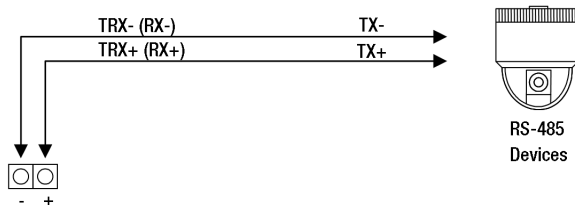
RS-485 device wiring schematic

To connect an RS-485 device wiring to the camera:

1. Route RS-485 device wiring through the cable channel and into the camera base housing.

2. Strip 1/4" of insulation from the wires and insert them into the terminal block. Observe the signal polarity shown in the schematic.

2.4.5 LAN and power connections

1. Route a LAN drop cable into the camera and plug it into the RJ-45 LAN connector.

Power connector
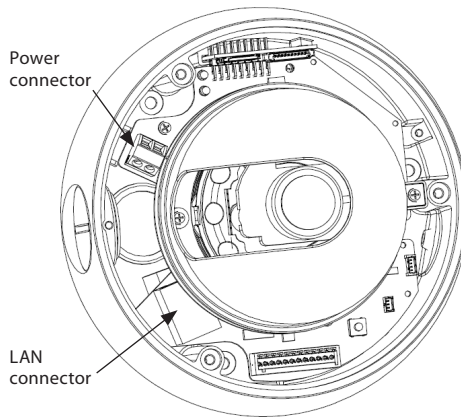
LAN connector

2. Route the wire end of the power extension cable into the camera and connect it to the 12 VDC power connector. If the camera is powered through the LAN cable, **DO NOT apply power** to the camera at this time.

3. Connect the other end of the power extension cable to the DC12V power adapter. The polarity of the adapter connector is shown in the following diagram. **DO NOT apply power** to the camera at this time.

CAUTION

When applying power to the camera, ensure that the polarity is correct. An incorrect connection may cause a malfunction and can damage the camera.

2.5   Install IPAdmin Tool

The IPAdmin Tool, included on the CD mini disk, is a utility that will discover cameras installed on your network and enable you to perform the initial network setup for each camera. After a camera is setup on the network, the Microsoft Internet Explorer® web browser can be used to see video from the camera, set the camera's password, date and time, finalize camera hardware adjustments, and configure the camera for functional requirements.

The IPAdminTool can be loaded on a Microsoft Windows XP, Vista or Windows 7 operating system (32- or 64-bit). To use this utility for the initial setup of your camera, your computer must be connected to the same network subnet as your camera.

At a computer on the same LAN (subnet) where your cameras will be installed, do the following:

1.   Insert the CD mini disk provided with your camera into your computer's CD ROM drive and open the CD in a Windows Explorer window.

2.   Find the IPAdminTool directory on the CD.

3.   Copy the IPAdminTool directory with its contents to your computer hard drive.

2.6   Configure the camera network settings

Devices attached to a Local Area Network (LAN) are each assigned a unique address (IP address) that they use when sending messages with each other. No two devices on a single Ethernet network can have the same IP address. Otherwise, addressing conflicts will occur.

When your IP camera is attached to a network and initially powered on, it attempts acquire compatible network settings from a DHCP server. If it cannot find a DHCP server, it configures itself with the following static IP address, subnet mask, and gateway setting, which may or may not be compatible with other devices on the network.

IP address:	192.168.0.100
Subnet mask:	255.255.255.0
Gateway:	192.168.0.1

Whether it acquires a dynamic (changeable) IP address and other network settings from a DHCP server, or uses the default static (fixed, unchanging) settings, your camera must be configured with static network settings that are compatible with the network configuration. Additionally, if DHCP is not used on your network, DIGIOP Black cameras must be installed on the network and configured with new network settings one at a time to avoid addressing conflicts.

Use the following procedure to setup and apply compatible, static, network settings for your camera. If connecting your camera to a large enterprise network, consult with your network administrator for network settings before attaching the camera to the LAN to

ensure that your camera won't conflict with other devices. Your network administrator should also setup WAN (Internet) access to the camera, if that is needed.

If you encounter a problem and need to contact Technical Support, first complete the chart in Table 1 about your computer (PC) and camera network settings, if possible. Support will need this information to provide assistance.

2.6.1 Configuring cameras on networks with DHCP

In networks with a DHCP server, the IP camera will acquire dynamic (changeable) network settings when it is initially powered on. These dynamic settings can easily be converted to static settings, or changed to other static settings that are also compatible with your network.

1. Connect your camera to the LAN, then power on the camera.

2. Open the IPAdminTool directory on your computer, then double click the file **IPAdminTool.exe** to start the application. When the IPAdmin Tool starts, it will discover all the IP devices it supports that exist on the network. The discovery process may take a few minutes.
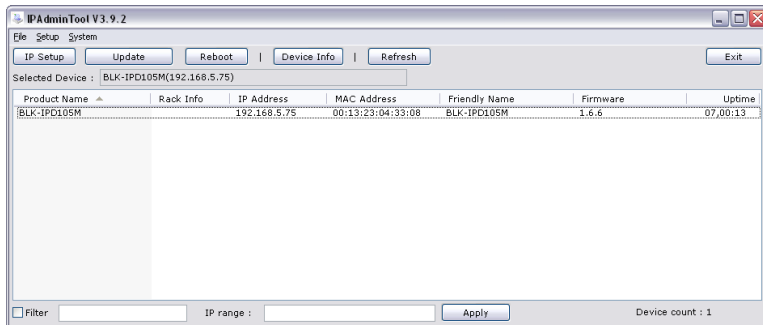
Check the list of IP devices found by IPAdmin Tool. You can identify your camera by the MAC address. If the camera was not found, click the **Refresh** button every minute until your camera appears in the list.

3. In the IPAdmin Tool device list, use the camera's MAC Address to find the camera you are installing. After finding the camera, right click the entry, then select IP Address from the drop-down list. An IP Setup window will open.
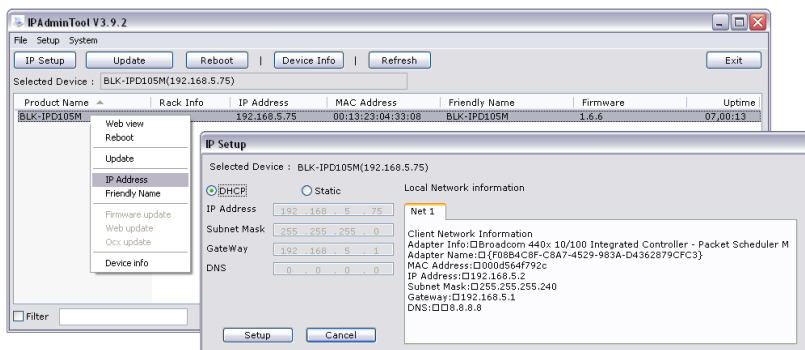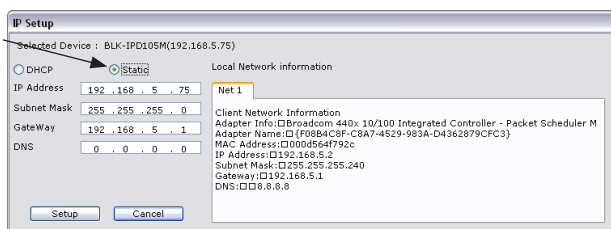
4.   In the IP Setup window, click the **Static** option bullet to select this option.

Static Option

If you have other compatible, network settings you want to apply to the device, enter them in the appropriate locations. Click **Setup** to save settings.

5.   In the **Login** window, enter the ID and PW (password) for your camera and click **Login**. The default administrator values for the ID and PW are **root** and **pass**. After entering ID and PW, the IP Setup window closes.
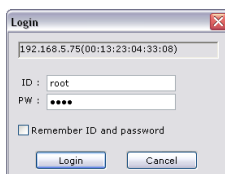
6.   In the IPAdmin Tool window, click **Refresh** and verify that the entry representing the camera now shows the new IP address.

7.   Continue with procedure **2.7 Setup camera Basic Configuration**.

2.6.2 Configuring cameras on networks without DHCP

NOTE   *The following procedure works with most networks. For further assistance, contact Technical Support.*

Cameras installed on a network without a DHCP server will initially use the factory default static network settings:

IP address: 192.168.0.100
Subnet mask: 255.255.255.0
Gateway: 192.168.0.1

In networks without a DHCP server, cameras must be powered on and reconfigured one at a time to avoid addressing conflicts between other cameras, or possibly with another device on the network. Configuring the network settings of your cameras includes these steps:

— Determine the network settings of your computer.
— Check the network for compatibility with the default static network settings of your camera.
— Find network settings (IP addresses) that are not in use and can be assigned to your camera.
— Attach your camera to the network, power it on, and configuring it with new network settings.

Determine the network settings of your computer

1.   At a PC attached to the same LAN that will be shared with your camera, determine the IP address, subnet mask, and default gateway of your PC and record it in Table 1. To find this information, do the following at the Windows desktop:

a.   Hold down the **Windows** key and press **r** to open the Run dialog box.
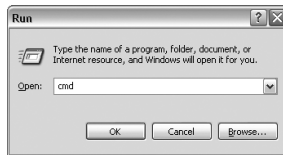
b.   Type **cmd** in the entry field, then click **OK** to open the DOS command window.

c.   At the command prompt, enter **ipconfig.** The response will show the your PC's network settings.

```
C:\WINDOWS\system32\cmd.exe                                            _ □ ×

C:\>ipconfig

Windows IP Configuration

Ethernet adapter Local Area Connection:

        Connection-specific DNS Suffix  . : SCX.LOCAL
        IP Address. . . . . . . . . . . . : 192.168.1.168
        Subnet Mask . . . . . . . . . . . : 255.255.255.0
        Default Gateway . . . . . . . . . : 192.168.1.1

C:\>
```

*Example: Typical use of **ipconfig** in Windows XP*

d.   Enter the IP Address, Subnet Mask, and Default Gateway for your PC's Ethernet adapter into Table 1.

NOTE   *The Ethernet adapter data you see by using ipconfig will probably be different from that shown in the example above. If you are using Windows Vista or Windows 7, the IP address is identified as the "IPv4 Address."*

Table 1. PC/Camera network settings

	Computer (PC)	Camera
IP Address		
Subnet Mask		
Default Gateway		

CAUTION   *If connecting your camera to an enterprise network, consult with your network administrator for the camera IP address, subnet mask, and default gateway.*

Find network settings (IP addresses) that are not in use

1.   At your PC, find an IP address on your network that is not in use:

a.   Write down the EXACT IP address of your PC up to the third/last period. Using the example shown above, this expression is: 192.168.1.

b.   After the third period, include any number between 1 and 254 that is different from the one in your PC's IP address, 168. As a first try, let's choose 200, which will form the IP address 192.168.1.200.

c.   Next, use the ping command in the DOS window to see if this IP address is in use on your network. The format of the ping command is:

ping <IP address>

To test this IP address, enter **ping 192.168.1.200**. Any reply received from the ping indicates that a device on the network is already using this IP address and you can connect to it.

```
C:\WINDOWS\system32\cmd.exe                                          _ □ ×

C:\>ping 192.168.1.200

Pinging 192.168.1.200 with 32 bytes of data:

Reply from 192.168.1.200: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=64
Reply from 192.168.1.200: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=64
Reply from 192.168.1.200: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=64
Reply from 192.168.1.200: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=64

Ping statistics for 192.168.1.200:
    Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),
Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
    Minimum = 0ms, Maximum = 0ms, Average = 0ms

C:\>
```

In the example shown above, the message "**Reply from 192.168.1.200: ..**" indicates that your PC can reach the device with that IP address, and that address is in use (i.e., you cannot use it for your camera).

d.   Since the ping test of the IP address we tried showed the address was in use, try another number between 1 and 254. For example, let's ping 192.168.1.201. At the DOS prompt, enter: **ping 192.168.1.201**

```
C:\WINDOWS\system32\cmd.exe                                          _ □ ×

C:\>ping 192.168.1.201

Pinging 192.168.1.201 with 32 bytes of data:

Request timed out.
Request timed out.
Request timed out.
Request timed out.

Ping statistics for 192.168.1.201:
    Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 0, Lost = 4 (100% loss),

C:\>
```

e.   In this test, the message "Request timed out" indicates that your PC cannot reach the device with that IP address, and that address is probably not in use. Enter this number into Table 1. If this test indicated that this IP address is in use, try other IP addresses using the steps above until an unused address is found.

Check LAN for default IP address compatibility

Because all DIGIOP Black cameras and encoders are factory configured with the static IP address 192.168.0.100, check the LAN before connecting your camera to ensure that network conflicts won't occur.

At a Microsoft Windows computer attached to the LAN subnet where the camera will be connected, open a Command Prompt window and enter:

ping 192.168.0.100

The "Request timed out" response indicates that the IP address is not in use and the camera can be connected without causing errors.

Attach your camera to the network and power it on

Apply power to the camera. When the camera powers on, it performs an internal initialization, then establishes a connection to the LAN. Wait until the initialization process completes before continuing. It may take up to 3 minutes for your camera to initialize.

**Configure the camera IP address**

1. Open the IPAdminTool directory on your computer, then double click the file **IPAdminTool.exe** to start the application. When the IPAdmin Tool starts, it will discover all the IP devices it supports that exist on the network. The discovery process may take a few minutes.
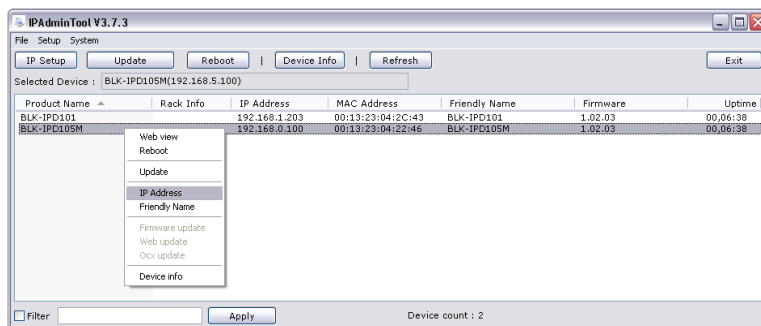
2. In the Product list, find the entry with the same MAC address as the camera you installed. If the camera is not shown, click **Refresh** once a minute to update the list.

3. Right click on the entry for your camera and select **IP Address**.
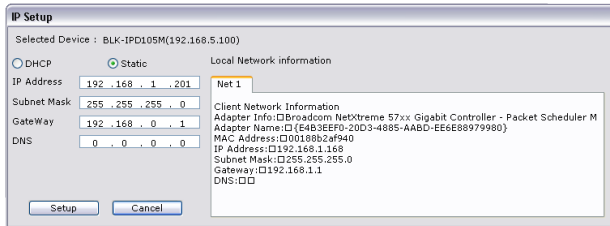
IP Setup window

4. In the IP Setup window:

   a. Select the Static option if it is not selected. This option is required if video from the camera will be recorded by a network DVR, or if you want to view video from the camera across a WAN (Internet).

   b. Enter the IP address for your camera from Table 1 into the IP Address field.

   c. Enter the subnet mask for your computer from Table 1 into the Subnet Mask field.

   d. Click **SETUP**. A Login window will open.

5. In the Login window, enter the ID and PW (password) for your camera, then click **Login**. The default administrator ID and PW are **root** and **pass**. After entering the ID and PW, the IP Setup window closes.
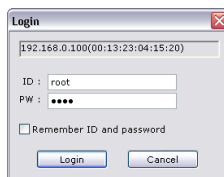
6. In the IPAdmin Tool window, click **Refresh** and verify that the entry representing the camera now shows the new IP address.

7. In the IPAdmin Tool window, click Refresh and verify that the entry for your camera now shows the new IP address.

2.7   Setup the camera Basic Configuration

IIn this procedure, use the Internet Explorer (IE) browser to setup the camera administrator and user passwords, date, and time.

1. Open the IE browser.

2. In the URL field (Internet address), enter the IP address for your camera in the format:

    http://<IP address>/
    where <IP address> is the IP address of your camera. Following the example earlier in this guide, the entry would be:
    http://192.168.1.201

3. If prompted to install an ActiveX control such as AxAll.cab (publisher Cap Co), follow screen prompts to install the software.

This website wants to install the following add-on: 'AxAll.cab' from 'Cap Co'. If you trust the website and the add-on and want to install it, click here…   ✕

IE prompt to install ActiveX control

NOTE   *To load these ActiveX controls, you may need to adjust the security settings of your browser to accept add-ins from unknown publishers.*
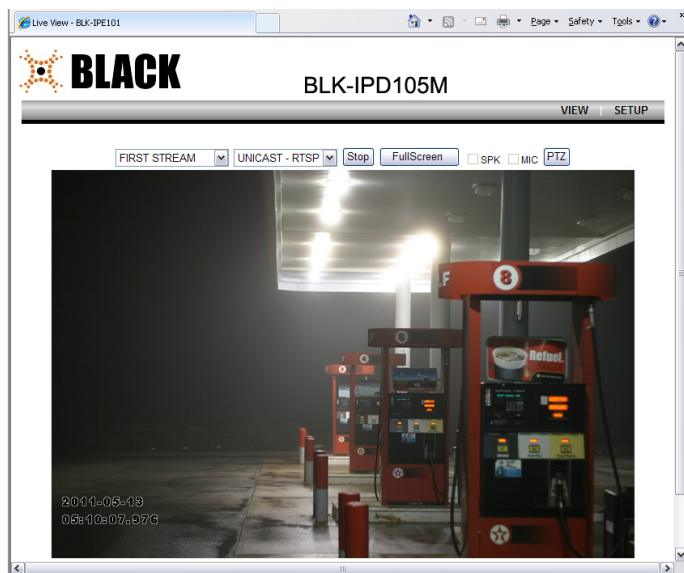
Typical initial camera view

4.   In the camera window, click the **SETUP** link in the upper right corner of the window. Enter the User name and Password for the camera, and click **OK**. The default administrator values are **root** and **pass**. The Basic Configuration window will open.

5.   In the Basic Configuration menu, click **Date & Time**.

In the Date & Time Setting options:

a.   Select the Time Zone you prefer.

b.   Select the synchronization method, or Set Manually bullet and enter the appropriate information.

H.264 Megapixel Indoor/Outdoor Dome IP Camera   19

c.　　Select the Sync Source and Interval you prefer.

d.　　Click **Apply**.

6.　　In the Basic Configuration menu, click **Users**.
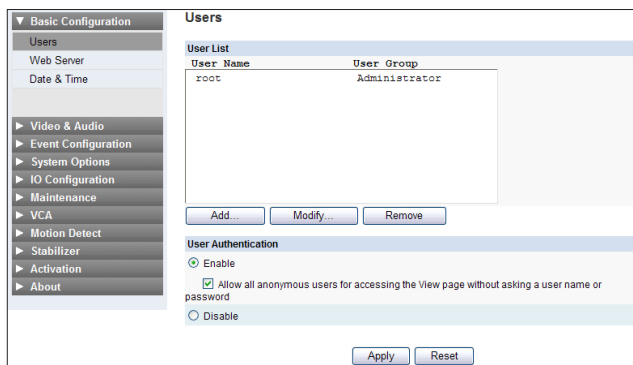
7.　　In the User List, click **root**, and then click **Modify** and follow the prompts. Setup the administrator user with a new password and click **OK**.
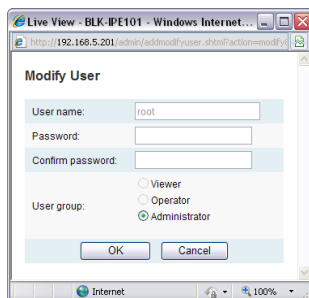
8.　　In the Users menu, click **Apply**, then click **OK** to restart the webserver (if you wish to do so at this time).

9.　　Click **Add** to include other administrators, operators or viewers to the user list. Follow the screen prompts to complete the entries.

10.　　Click **VIEW** in the upper right corner of the window to return to the camera live view.

2.8   Aim, focus, and image quality adjustment

2.8.1 Aim

The camera mount allows the camera to be rotated on three axis to set the horizon alignment, horizontal direction, and up/down position of the video frame.

Horizon alignment   Horizontal direction   Up/down position
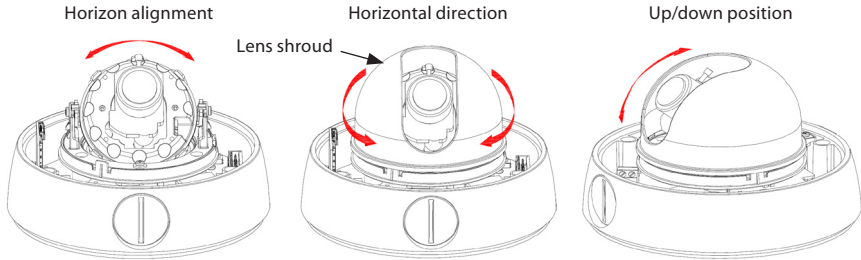
Lens shroud

1.   Gently lift the lens shroud off the camera assembly to remove it from the camera assembly.

2.   While observing video from the camera, set the horizon alignment by rotating camera module bracket on its horizontal axis (direction the lens is pointed).

3.   Set the horizontal direction of the video frame by rotating camera assembly on its vertical axis.

4.   Set the up-down position of the video frame by point the lens up or down.

5.   If necessary, make additional adjustments to these settings to perfect the frame of the video.

6.   Reinstall the lens shroud

7.   Reinstall the camera dome.

2.8.2 Focus

The lens focus and iris is set at the factory and requires no further adjustment.

⚠ **CAUTION**   *If a camera with a high zoom lens is subjected to a temperature variation of about 18°F or more, a change of focus may occur. Make sure to consider the environment when installing a camera with a high zoom lens.*

2.8.3 Image quality adjustments

Adjustments to the image brightness, contrast, hue, saturation, and sharpness are performed through the web browser:

1. From the VIEW window, click: **SETUP** > **Video & Audio** > **Video-In**

2. Scroll to the bottom of the screen and click the **PREVIEW** button. Follow the screen instructions to open the camera view in another IE window.

3. While observing the video in the PREVIEW window, adjust the values for brightness, contrast, hue, saturation, sharpness, and/or other parameters on screen. Click **Apply** to see the effect of the change. Make any necessary adjustments to produce the best video image.

4. Close the PREVIEW window and click **VIEW** to return to the normal viewing window.

2.9   Speaker/microphone setup

Verify the functionality of the speaker and microphone setup at the camera, and adjust volume levels.

1. Re-install the camera housing.

2.   On the VIEW screen, click: **SETUP** > **Video & Audio** > **Audio**
      to open the Bi-directional Audio Settings menu.
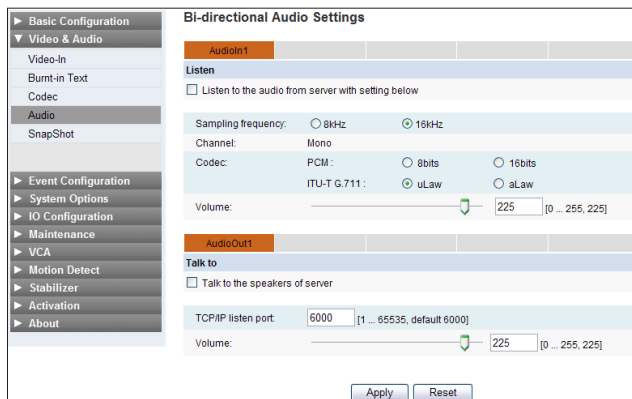
3.   In the Bi-directional Audio Settings menu, click the checkboxes to select "**Listen to the audio from server with setting below**" and "**Talk to the speakers of server**".

4.   Click **Apply**, and then click **VIEW** to return to the camera view screen.

5.   On the VIEW screen, check the **SPK** and **MIC** options to enable the speaker at the camera and the microphone on your computer.

6.   At your computer, listen for sounds from the microphone at the camera. If necessary, adjust the volume level in the camera. Click: **SETUP** > **Video & Audio** > **Audio**
      to re-open the Bi-directional Audio Settings menu. In the Listen frame, adjust the volume to the preferred level. Click **Apply**.

7.   Use a microphone at your PC to send audio to the speaker at the camera. Verify that your microphone audio is heard at the speaker.

      To adjust the speaker volume go to the Bi-directional Audio Settings menu. In the Talk to frame, adjust the volume to an appropriate level. Click **Apply**.

2.10 Cleaning

Clean the camera housing with an approved glass cleaning solution and a lint free cloth.

- Dust can be removed from the unit by wiping it with a soft damp cloth. To remove stains, gently rub the surface with a soft cloth moistened with a mild detergent solution, then rinse and dry it with a soft cloth.
- Remove all foreign particles, such as plastic or rubber materials, attached to the camera housing. These may cause damage to the surface over time.

CAUTION *Do not use benzene, thinner or other chemical products on the camera assembly; these may dissolve the paint and promote damage of the surfaces. Before using any chemical product, read the accompanying instructions carefully.*

SECTION 3
Specifications

Table 2. Specifications

Camera Module		
CMOS	Image Sensor	Aptina (Micron) 1/3.2" (4:3) CMOS 2 Megapixel
	Effective Pixels	1600 x 1200 (UXGA, 2M)
	Scanning system	Progressive
ELECTRICAL	Resolution	550 TV lines
	SNR	71 dB
	Min. Illumination	0.5 Lux (50IRE), 0.1 Lux (DSS x5 ON)
	Wide Dynamic Range	52 dB (x128)
	Color	ON/AUTO
	AGC Control	AUTO
	White Balance	AUTO
	Electronic Shutter Speed	AUTO
Lens		3.3~12 mm, F1.6~3.2, Manual Iris Lens, CS mount
Day & Night		Software Day & Night
Electrical characteristics		
Video Output		Not available
Audio Input		Linein, 1.43 Vp-p (Min 1.35 Vp-p, max 1.49 Vp-p), 39 KΩ
Audio Output		Lineout, 46 mW Power, 16 Ω
Sensor(D/I)		TTL level 4.5V threshold, Max 50 mA
Alarm(D/O)		Max 500 mA@24 VAC or 1A @ 12 VDC
Power Source (Approx)		12 VDC or PoE IEEE 802.3af (Class 0)
Power Consumption (Approx)		2.76W (12 VDC) / 3.6W (PoE)
Video		
Compression Format		H.264, MPEG—4 (up to D1 only), and MJPEG
Number of Streams		Dual Stream, configurable

Resolution (Compression FPS. NOTE: FPS may be decreased if using burnt-in text or VCA.)	H.264	5 fps @ UXGA (1600 x 1200) 8 fps @ SXGA (1280 x 1024) 12 fps @ HD720 (1280 x 720) 15 fps @ XGA (1024 x 768), D1 (720 x 480)
	MJPEG	15 fps @ UXGA (1600 x 1200)
	MPEG—4	15 fps @ D1 (720 x 480)
Motion Detection		Supported
Burnt-in Text (Digital)		Supported (DSP)
Output		Not supported
Audio		
Input/output		1/1 channel
Compression Format		G.711
Function		
Digital Input/output		1/1 channel
RS-485		Supported
Network		10/100Base-T
Power over Ethernet		Supported
Protocol		TCP/IP, UDP/IP, HTTP, RTSP, RTCP, RTP/UDP, RTP/TCP, SNTP, mDNS, UPnP, SMTP, SOCK, IGMP, DHCP, FTP, DDNS, SSL v2/v3, IEEE 802.1X, SSH, SNMP v2/v3
SD Slot		Supported — MicroSD (MicroSD card not included)
Mechanical characteristics		
Material		Aluminum (die cast) / polycarbonate
Color		Ivory
Dimensions		Housing: 5.94" dia x 4.47"h (ø150.8 mm x 113.5 mm (h)) Dome: 3.94" dia. (ø100 mm)
Weight		2.38 lbs. (1,080g)
Mechanical characteristics		
Operating Temperature		32°F ~ 122°F (0°C ~ 50 °C)
Operating Humidity		Up to 85% RH

Table 3. Video Content Analysis (optional)

VCA Presence	
High Performance	Advanced Tracking Algorithm, Low False Alarm Rate
Easy to Use	Intuitive Web Browser Interface
Detection Zones	Multi-segment Polygons and Lines
On-screen Display	Real-time Display of Tracking Data and Events
Burnt-in Annotation	Stream out
Image Stabilization	
Electronic Stabilization	Removes Camera Sway

APPENDIX A
Troubleshooting

A.1   Reboot camera

> **NOTE**   The reboot process lasts about 2 minutes, during which time the camera will not respond to the IPAdmin Tool or transmit video to a web browser

The camera can be rebooted in two ways:

- Using the IPAdmin Tool:

  a.   Start the IPAdmin Tool.

  b.   Find the entry for the camera you want to reboot and click it to select (highlight) it.

  c.   Click the **Reboot** button and enter the administrator ID and PW.

  d.   Click **Refresh** to re-discover the camera.

- Using the reset button on the camera:

  a.   Press and hold the reset button on the camera for 5 seconds.

  b.   Click **Refresh** to re-discover the camera.

A.2   Set camera to factory default network settings

The camera network settings can be forced to the factory default values:

Network settings acquired through DHCP on networks with DHCP
- OR -
Network settings forced to the following on networks were a DHCP server cannot be found:

— IP address – reset to 192.168.0.100
— Subnet mask – reset to 255.255.0.0
— Gateway – reset to 192.168.0.1
— User ID – reset to **root**
— Password – reset to **pass**

To force the camera to the factory network settings:

1.   Disconnect the power (adapter) from the camera.

2.   While pressing and holding down the reset button, power on the camera.

3.   Release the Reset button 5 seconds after applying power.

4.   Wait for the camera to reboot.

A.3   Checking your Firmware

Firmware is software embedded in the camera that determines many of its features and functionality. The current firmware version number in your camera can be found by viewing video from the camera in IE, and then clicking **SETUP** > **About** > **Version**. Contact DIGIOP Support for firmware updates.

A.4   Support

If you cannot resolve an issue, please contact the DIGIOP Support at 1.877.972.2522 for assistance. When you contact support, please provide the server reports, log file and a brief description of the problem, if possible.

•   To generate server reports, enter the following into the IE address field:

      https://<IP ADDRESS>/nvc-cgi/admin/param.cgi?action=list
      - and -
      https://<IP ADDRESS>/nvc-cgi/admin/vca.cgi?action=list

      where <IP ADDRESS> is the IP address of your camera. The server report contains important information about the device, as well as a list of the current parameters.
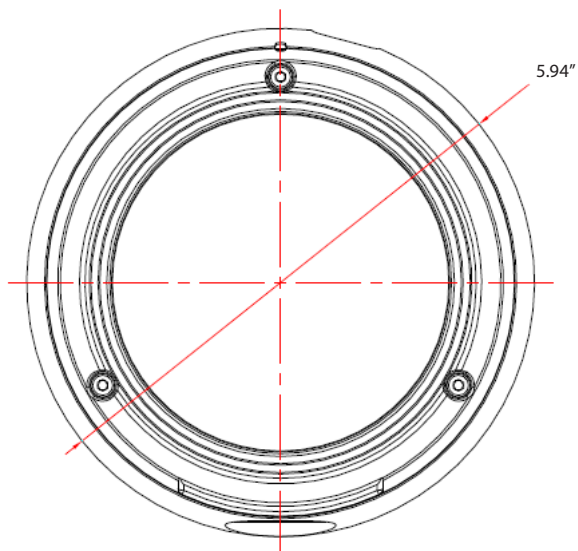
•   To generate a log report, use IE to log into the unit. In the View screen, click the following items, entering security information when required:
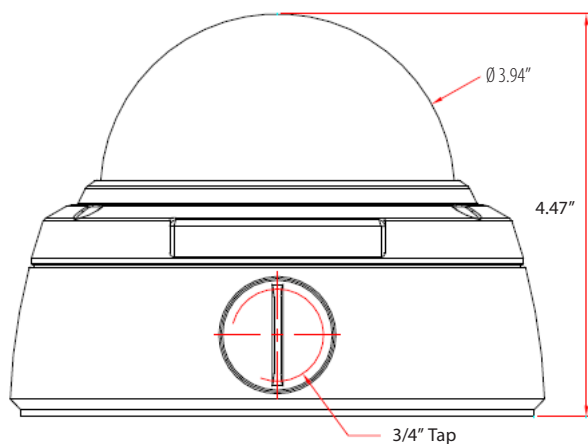
      SETUP > **Maintenance** > **System Log** > **LOG LIST**

      Click the name of the Log List of interest to open it.

APPENDIX B
Dimensions

5.94"

Top View

Ø 3.94"

4.47"

3/4" Tap

Side View

1.24"

3/4" Tap

Ø 4.53"

~ Ø .15"

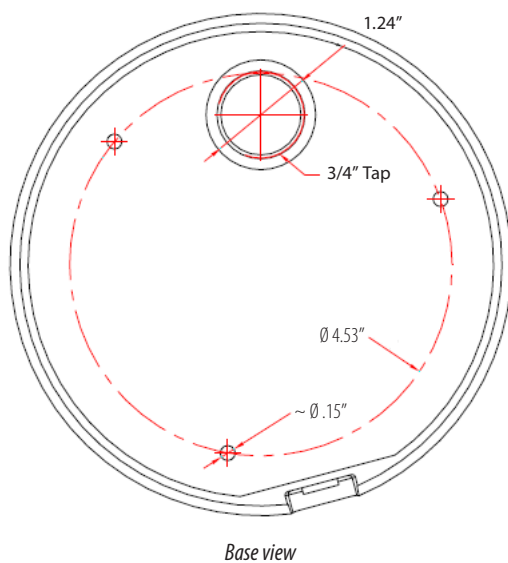*Base view*

APPENDIX C
Power over Ethernet

The BLK-IPD105M camera supports Power over Ethernet (PoE) in conformance with the IEEE 802.3af standard. IEEE 802.3af allows for two power options for Category 5 cables.

- The PoE module signature and control circuit provides the PoE compatibility signature and power classification required by the Power Sourcing Equipment (PSE) before applying up to 15 W power to the port.
- The high efficiency AC/DC converter operates over a wide input voltage range and provides a regulated low ripple and low noise output. The AC/DC converter also has built-in overload and short-circuit output protection.

C.1   PoE compatibility

With non Power Sourcing Equipment (PSE)

When it is connected with non PSE, use the power adaptor to provide power to the camera.

With power adaptor

Connecting both PSE and power adaptor does not do any harm to the products. Disconnecting power adaptor while it is operating does not stop operation. The product continues to work without rebooting.

C.2   Power classification

The PoE Power Class supported by the IP device is Class 0.

Class	Usage	Minimum Power Levels Output at the PSE	Maximum Power Levels at the Powered Device
0	Default	15.4 W	0.44 to 12.95 W